

Facts

Mary had a little stove,
It was well trained no doubt,
But every time she cooked a meal
That darned coal stove went out.

She followed up a bright idea,
It was too GOOD to PASS;
She dropped into our office
And now she COOKS with GAS.

See our line of GAS RANGES

"COOK WITH GAS"
"STOKE WITH COKE"

UTAH LIGHT & TRACTION CO.
2474 Washington Ave.
"SERVICE FIRST"

BRITISH GUNS DO GREAT EXECUTION

Dover, via London, Oct. 25, 10:35 p. m.—The British fleet chose Trafalgar day (October 21) to begin the bombardment of the German's advancing columns along the Belgian coast. Fire started at 6 in the morning and continued without intermission for 12 hours, during which time it is reported 4000 Germans were killed or wounded.

The range of the ships' guns enabled them to shell the German trenches three miles inland, and they did great execution to the batteries placed amid the sand dunes. They destroyed a German field battery, dispersed a German bridging train which had been assembled to force a crossing of the Yser, blew up an ammunition column, killed General Von

DON'TS ON SAVING MONEY!

Don't live beyond your salary.
Don't spend all for pleasure.
Don't speculate.
Don't carry much money in your pockets.
DO start an account at our Savings Department and get 4 per cent interest; therein lies your chance to SAVE.

Ogden Savings Bank

Ogden, Utah.
M. S. Browning, President.
L. R. Eccles, Vice-President.
John Watson, Vice-President.
Chas. H. Barton, Cashier.

AFTER THE FIRE

We have our mill re-built and are prepared to roll, chop or clean all kinds of grain and seeds as before.
A fresh new stock of all kinds of grain and seeds—job lots at wholesale prices.

THE W. D. BROWN CO., Wholesale Grain.
2255 WALL AVENUE. PHONES 691-692.

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK

OGDEN, UTAH

THE PROTECTION YOU NEED

The placing of your valuables in our Vault assures the kind of protection you ought to have—because it is Fire and Burglar-Proof—we have Safe Deposit Boxes for rent here for as little as

\$2.00 and up per year.

INVEST YOUR MONEY AT

7%

OR MORE

Guaranteed With First Farm Mortgages.

FEDERAL LAND & MORTGAGE CO.

Investment Securities.

Luther S. Foss, Mgr. 417 Eccles Bldg., Ogden, Ut.

POCATELLO TRAIN IS HELD UP DURING THE NIGHT

Pocatello, Ida., Oct. 25.—Train robbers secured more than \$200 from stockmen and workmen at midnight last night by holding up extra freight No. 808 between Fort Hall and Pocatello.

Four men boarded the train at Blackfoot, and after the train left Fort Hall two men at each end of the train started with the cars with drawn revolvers. Among the victims were harvest hands returning from Snake River valley with the results of their toil. Some of the robbers were J. M. Jackson, accompanying a sheep shipment; Jesse Herndon, John Ewig and B. Vaughan. About two-score of men contributed to the robbery, who disappeared in the darkness before the train reached Pocatello. Some of the travelers lost all they had and begged accommodations from the Pocatello police. These men gave a good description of the robbers, and the officers have started beating the bushes along the Portneuf river. Several tramps have been arrested.

CLAIMS RIGHT TO INVADE CANADA

Washington, Oct. 25.—Germany's right to land troops in Canada, if possible, and thus secure at least a temporary foothold on the American continent, was upheld today by Count Von Bernstorff, German ambassador here, who declared this would not be a violation of the Monroe doctrine.

The ambassador suggested that, as Canada was sending soldiers to France to fight against his country, the United States should not consider it in any sense an infringement on the Monroe doctrine if Germany should land an armed force on Canadian soil.

Discussing his now much-talked-of note of September 3 to the state department here, explaining the attitude of the German government toward the Monroe doctrine, and giving assurances that Germany was not contemplating any South American colonization schemes in event of victory over the allies, the ambassador said only South America was referred to at that time because there never had been any question raised as to possible German attacks to seek colonization in any other part of the American hemisphere.

Count Von Bernstorff asserted that Great Britain had officially called the attention of the United States state department to reports that Germany might attempt, if successful in the war, to colonize South America. Officials at the department said later they did not recall that Great Britain had made any such charge, but the ambassador explained today that his notes had been intended largely as a reply to this accusation by Great Britain, as well as to reports which that country had been spreading in other ways that Germany had designs on South America.

CARMAN JURY HAS FAILED TO AGREE

Minneapolis, N. Y., Oct. 25.—After thirteen hours and fifteen minutes of the bitterest wrangling that the little Nassau county court has ever known, the jury in whose hands the fate of Mrs. Florence Conkling Carman lay, disagreed and was discharged shortly after 11 o'clock today. The final and almost the first vote was ten for acquittal and two for conviction. The two men who throughout the long, sleepless night stood out against the popular cry for acquittal were Joseph H. Aston, manager for a publishing house of Port Washington, and Dr. William G. Hovey, the brawny salesman who occupied chair No. 4 in the jury box.

Haggard, sullen and hopeless, the jurors gave up the fight at 10:59 in the morning and reported to Justice Kelly that there was not a chance of their agreeing. Their deliberations were torn by arguments which could be heard on the courthouse steps, and the ten men who fought for Mrs. Carman's liberation combined in open warfare against Aston and Hovey. They threatened to throw Hovey "out of the window," and Aston stood his ground, defying them to carry out their threat. Hovey, the giant, rushed to Aston's side and declared that it would be necessary to throw him out, also.

Defi Not Accepted.
So serious did the matter become that Hovey thrust the slitherer Aston behind him and prepared for an assault, so formidable did he loom up before the open window that none dared accept his challenge.

Five ballots were taken. The first, taken fifteen minutes after the jury retired at 9:44 on Saturday night, resulted in a vote of 9 to 3 for acquittal. The preliminary vote against Marz Gottsch, the Hyde Park gardener, lined up with Hovey and Aston. But a half hour's argument smashed the opinion of Gottsch and he joined the majority.

Then, scorning food and without sleep, the twelve men wrangled through the night. Bleared, hoarse and snarling, they declared their hopelessness to Justice Kelly in a courtroom which presented the weirdest picture in the history of New York criminal cases.

Before Justice Kelly in Brooklyn tomorrow, John L. Graham and George Morton Levy, Mrs. Carman's lawyers, will appeal for the release of their client on bail. District Attorney Smith, the only man in the courtroom who has seen the Carman standing on his feet when the jury reported today, says he will offer no

opposition, and considers that \$20,000 will be sufficient.

NEGRO LYNCHED AT NEWPORT, ARKANSAS
Newport, Ark., Oct. 25.—Howard Davis, a negro, who shot and killed City Marshal Payne, today was lynched by a mob soon after the murder. Posses of armed citizens are pursuing two other negroes who shot at Payne, with the avowed intention of lynching both if they are caught. Marshal Payne attempted to arrest the negroes, who were creating a disturbance when, it is said, all three opened fire on him. Although mortally wounded, he drew his revolver and returned the fire, wounding Davis in the leg, crippling him so he could not escape. The other two negroes fled.

A mob quickly gathered and the wounded negro was taken outside the limits of town and strung up to a tree.

GERMANS TELL OF THE VICTORY ALONG COAST
Amsterdam, via London, Oct. 25, 8:18 p. m.—A Berlin dispatch received here gives a report from the German general headquarters, under date of Sunday morning. It says: "The Yser-Ypres canal between Nieuport and Dixmude was crossed Saturday by further strong German forces after heavy fighting."

"East-northeast of Ypres the enemy has received reinforcements, but in spite of this our troops have advanced at several points, capturing about 600 British, among them twenty-eight officers, including a colonel. "In the east our forces have begun an offensive movement on Augustow. Near Ivangorod our troops are fighting jointly with the Austro-Hungarians and have taken 1800 prisoners."

Von Moltke Improving.
Amsterdam, via London, Oct. 25.—The condition of General Von Moltke, chief of the German general staff, who is suffering from an affection of the liver, is greatly improved, according to a dispatch from Berlin.

Killed in Action.
Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 25.—Major T. Rivers-Buckley, comptroller of the household of the Duke of Connaught, governor general of Canada, has been killed in action at the front, according to a cable message received at government house.

German General Killed.
Berlin, via The Hague to London, Oct. 25, 9:24 p. m.—In the casualty list issued yesterday appeared the name of Major General Pochhammer, who was killed October 4 while leading his troops in the forest of Argonne.

FIERCE FIGHTING ALONG THE YSER

Paris, Oct. 25, 11:51 p. m.—The German masses at La Bassee appear from the desperate efforts they are making to be trying to shake themselves loose from the close grip of the allies who menace their communications from there and from Arras. The intense ardor of the battle was undiminished today. Both armies received reinforcements, but the allied lines withstood formidable shocks and delivered severe counter attacks.

The furious nature of the conflict can be gathered from the fact that in front of one British infantry division in a very small space over 1500 German bodies were found after an engagement, while 500 German prisoners were taken by the British in the course of one attack.

La Bassee, which forms a promontory near Lille, is a very important point covering railroads which the Germans seem determined to capture at whatever cost, but the allies' resistance hitherto has been too stubborn.

The battle continues its course with unabated violence near the Belgian coast and the Germans have been able to force themselves across the Yser, which is a sluggish shallow river where the allies opposed them with a strong defense along every foot of the ground.

General Von Kluck's army, which was thought to be in Belgium, has not moved from its position on the Aisne, but three other German armies have completely changed their fronts. Grand Duke Albrecht of Wurtemberg now commands the forces in Belgium, while General Von Buelow is farther down, and the army of Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria is stretched along a line of trenches on an extended battle front between the Somme and the Aisne and from Rheims to the Argonne region.

Desultory Fighting.
In this last named region the fighting is only desultory. The troops on both sides are becoming tired of the inactivity, but the positions of the opposing armies are too strong to permit of successful assaults. Therefore the campaign here has become one of patient endurance. The cold, wet nights are very trying, being relieved by only occasional spells of activity, which do not last long. Most of the men lie on the straw in the deep trenches, but lookouts are posted at wide intervals and these soldiers from time to time take a shot at their adversaries. This is immediately followed by general exchange of rifle fire. During the nights the sentinels are posted 20 or 30 yards in advance of the trenches, which are connected by telephone with headquarters in the rear where a strong reserve force awaits call. In the Argonne region the fighting in the forests has been very heavy with numerous casualties, while on the heights of the Meuse the artillery keeps up a continuous bombardment.

REPORTS OF THE ENEMY PRINTED BY THE BRITISH
London, Oct. 25.—In an effort to destroy the German and Austrian forces which were defeated in their first attempt to cross the Yser between the fortress of Ivangorod and Radom, the Russians are now waging a heavy battle in Poland. The official Russian report says their advance is being met with stubborn resistance, strong reinforcements having been brought up by the Germans. Both sides have, according to their

own reports, made prisoners and captured a front of twenty-six miles, has not yet been decided. The Russians, however, that Lovinz, Rawa and Skiermiewice have been taken by bayonet attacks.

The Austrians are still making a bold effort to cross the river San and are carrying on a splendid fight south of Przemyśl in the hope of reaching and recapturing Lemberg. The Montenegrins today admit that they have had to withdraw to their previous positions along the Bosnian frontier after an attack by a superior force of Austrians. The latter, in fact, seem to have made a wonderful recovery and to be fighting in a manner of which their first performances in the war hardly gave promise.

Turkey, which it was believed at one time had decided to throw in her lot with Germany, has again assured the ambassadors of Great Britain, France and Russia that she intends to maintain her policy of neutrality. Turkey, however, continues her military activities and is collecting transport animals, which, it is said, are destined for the Egyptian frontier. It is considered that the presence of strong Russian forces on the Turkish border has influenced her not to take any action against the allies.

SLAUGHTER OF THE GERMAN TROOPS
By C. F. BERTELLI
(Special Cable by London Daily Telegraph.)
Paris, Oct. 25.—Fearful slaughter of the Germans in the Argonne region during last week was recorded in a letter from a French officer published tonight. The letter reads: "One infantry regiment and a battalion of chasseurs was strongly entrenched with the mission of holding an important strategic highway. At midday four German columns, numbering 15,000 men, stormed the trenches with the bayonet."

"We had five quick-firing gun sections, and simultaneously all of them spurted their fire into the German mass, which rocked beneath the devastating fusillade."

"It was horrible to see them fall in solid masses. "The speed of our quick-firing guns was 600 shots a minute, and under the incessant firing they grew white hot."

"Unstaggered by the awful carnage the Germans still came on in solid formation. We had no need to take aim, but just plugged into the mass, certain that every shot told."

"We were unable, however, to stem the Teutonic flood. The enemy reached our trenches and a hand to hand bayonet encounter ensued. "This phase of the battle lasted for five hours. Then our artillery got to work and the Germans retreated. But they charged again and their loss was so frightful that a line of dead one mile long was piled up 400 yards from our trenches."

"The corpses were lying so thick that there was not room to place a foot anywhere along the line. Many of the Germans were killed on the parapet of the trenches and a lot of them were found there leaning dead on their rifles, the bayonets of which were plunged into the earth. These Germans were shot as they were about to deliver bayonet thrusts from the top of the trench."

"Their total losses were placed at a minimum of 10,000."

GREAT ARMY OF GERMANY SEEN

London, Oct. 25.—Fresh German troops, numbering in the neighborhood of 400,000, are being hurled from Germany by way of Antwerp and Bruges to the fighting line in the vicinity of Dixmude, where the full strength of the German attack is being directed against the allied line in the north.

Here the Germans are making the supreme effort of the Belgian campaign and are massing troops for a final attack, which will mark the climax of the battle of Flanders, the greatest in the history of the war.

As soon as the German reinforcements arrive on the line they are hurled into the trenches, which are waist deep in water.

The casualties thus far have been enormous. One spectacular feature of the fighting of the past two days was a bayonet charge by the Belgians during a fog. The troops of King Albert crept forward close to the German trenches, suddenly leaped forward and captured a strong detached body of Germans without firing a shot, although the fighting with the bayonet was of the most ferocious and deadly character.

The German losses during the past

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An Indian fantasy in two parts.

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A powerful and vivid drama in three parts.

"The Mayor's Manicure"

A comedy drama.

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The German losses during the past

week of fighting in the vicinity of Dixmude and toward the coast are reported to be in the neighborhood of 30,000, of whom 5000 were drowned when the Belgians cut the dykes, flooding the country in front of the Yser canal.

The attack is being centered upon Dixmude, well to the south of the coast line, to escape the long-range guns of Admiral Hood's flotilla of British monitors and the squadron of British and French battleships operating on the coast and in the channels of the Yser canal.

Bombardment of Ostend by the British vessels which are no longer required to aid the left flank of the Belgian line resting on the coast was begun in earnest today. Their target was the German batteries about Ostend but one of six shells which fell short of the range today struck the hotel Majestic in Ostend, where the German staff was dining, according to a dispatch to the Amsterdam Telegraaf. Several other buildings were damaged.

LUEDERKE PROMOTED.
Berlin, via The Hague to London, Oct. 25, 9:50 p. m.—Commander Luederke of the cruiser Karlsruhe, which has sunk many British ships on the Atlantic trade routes, has been promoted to the rank of captain.

Field Marshal Baron Von Der Goltz, governor of Belgium, has raised Cardinal Mercier, who promised to use his influence to restore order and reassure the population, says a dispatch from Brussels.

BRICKLEY OUT AGAIN, BUT UNABLE TO PLAY
Cambridge, Mass., Oct. 25.—Captain Charles E. Brickley of the Harvard football team was discharged tonight from the infirmary, where he was operated on recently for appendicitis. It is expected that Brickley will be on the side lines at the stadium tomorrow during practice. It was said tonight that he probably would help in coaching the drop kickers later, but that he would not play in any games this season.

HOW THE BELGIAN ARMY WAS SAVED

London, Oct. 25.—"All the allies must take their hats off to the Belgian army, which for several days has been holding in check two entire German army corps near Dixmude, frustrating the German designs on the strip of territory between Dun-

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groceryman nor butcher to extend credit to you unless you could show that your previous record warranted it—apply this to your finances. Deposit regularly, either checking or savings account, in the well managed and substantial

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Large can—
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are all money-savers for the thrifty housewife. Competitors will sometimes meet, but never beat, our prices. Every article is guaranteed to satisfy.

Best H. Pat. Flour.....\$1.25
Baby milk, 2 doz......95
Pure Corn starch, 4 pkgs.....25

SALE STARTS SATURDAY THE 24TH.
Fresh crackers and cookies, package......8
Lipton's yellow table tea......55
Distilled table vinegar gal.....20

SALE FOR CASH ONLY
Fresh corn meal, sack.....30
Brown laundry soap, 9.....25
5c bars......90
Fancy white potatoes, sk.....20
Arbuckle's coffee, lb......20

10c bot. blueing, each.....5
25c Pa. Postum 2 for.....35c
Fresh graham flour, sk.....25

12-12c pa. maracani, 3 for.....25
5c pa. matches, 8 for.....25
20c cans syrup, 2 for.....25
Fresh Smo. Bloaters, 7 for.....25
LB......20
Bot. Ammonia, each......8
A. B. Naptha Soap, 6 for.....25
10c bars pure castile soap.....5

SMITH MEAT AND GROCERY

26th and Wash. Phones 284-285.